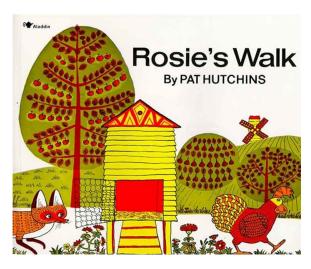
STORYBOOK CONVERSATIONS WITH YOUR YOUNG CHILD

Every child is different, and these are only suggested adaptations and activities. Do what works best for encouraging your child's exploration during this literacy activity. Consult your pediatrician, physical therapist (PT), and/or occupational therapist (OT) first.



Did you know reading books is a great opportunity to support STEM learning?

Rosie's Walk is a book written by Pat Hutchins.

Unaware the fox is following her; Rosie leads him into one accident after another. Will the fox manage to catch her, or will Rosie outwit him?

If you do not have a paper copy of this book, watch a YouTube video of someone reading the book. If you prefer to read it to your child yourself, just mute the audio.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AlwlWlI5NTU

- Check your local library to see if it allows you to borrow a digital version of this book to read on a laptop, tablet, or phone.
- Or find it online: <a href="https://archive.org/details/rosieswalk0000hutc">https://archive.org/details/rosieswalk0000hutc</a>





## BOOKMARK

#### STORYBOOK CONVERSATIONS WITH YOUR YOUNG CHILD

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- Print this page and cut around the edges.
- Technology is the introduction of underlying concepts of building or creating technology, including computational thinking, which is the basic logic underlying computer science (U.S. Department of Ed/U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2016).
- Do not forget to <u>PEER</u>! Use additional <u>Prompts</u> if needed, <u>Evaluate</u> and <u>Expand</u> your child's answers, and <u>Repeat</u> the prompts.
- Look at STEMIE's tips for making adaptations to the storybook reading process and on the following pages:

https://stemie.fpg.unc.edu/guide-book-adaptations

If you print this page, you can download or view online by scanning the QR code below.



#### Expanding | Science & Technology

#### Rosie's Walk

By Pat Hutchins



Complete a sentence

"Rosie walked under the\_\_\_\_." (beehives)



<u>R</u>ecall

"Tell me where Rosie went for a walk." (First, next/then, last)



Open-ended questions

"What do we know about bees?"



WH questions

"What happened when the fox stepped on the rake?"



Distancing questions

"What would you do if you were the fox?"

#### **STEM Words & Ideas to Explore**

- Sequencing
- Spatial positioning
- Cause & effect
- Force & motion
- Living things



stemie.fpg.unc.edu



# Rosie's Walk By PATHUTCHINS

#### ROSIE'S WALK

## **ADAPTATIONS**

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# SUPPORT CHILDREN WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENT/DEAF-BLINDNESS/MULTIPLE DISABILITIES:

#### **STORYBOX**

Select corresponding items and place them in a container/box. Items may include:

- Small animal toys (i.e., hen, fox)
- Hay
- Baskets or boxes



Image credit: Adobe Stock

#### This adaptation can also...

- Increase children's attention and engagement
- Support children with sensory challenges



Follow your child's lead and interests. Enthusiastically ask your child questions about what they are doing and what they like.



Answer your child's questions. If you do not know the answer, work together with your child to discover the answer.





# Rosie's Walk by PATHLICHINS

#### ROSIE'S WALK

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# SUPPORT ALTERATIVE WAYS OF COMMUNICATION:

### PICTURES, SYMBOLS, SIGNS, AND/OR ICONS

- Select pictures that correspond to items/objects/animals in the book
- Add signs and icons to the story
- Use pictures along with a communication board to support STEM learning



Image Credit: STEMIE

#### This adaptation can also...

- Increase children's attention and engagement
- Support children' learning
- Support children who are deaf/with hearing impairment



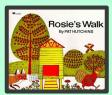
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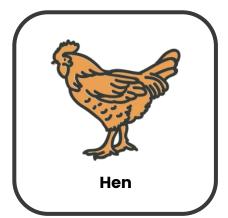
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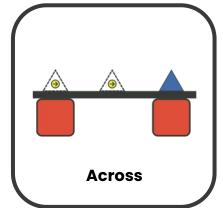
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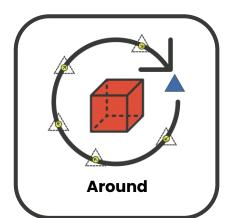
# VISUAL CUES: USE TO PROMPT

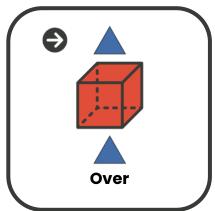
#### **HOW TO:**

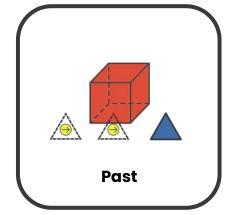
- **Step 1:** Print and cut out the images. You can also create your own visual cues (empty squares included).
- **Step 2:** As you read, use tape or Velcro to attach the pictures to the corresponding pages in the book.

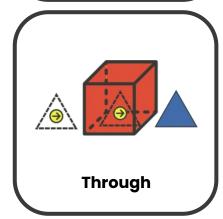














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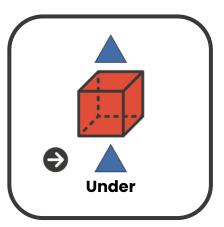
# Rosie's Walk By PATHUTCHINS

#### ROSIE'S WALK

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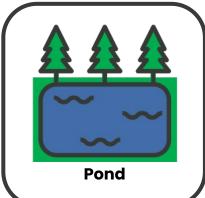
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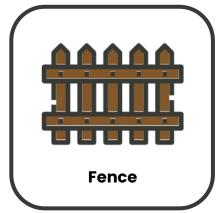


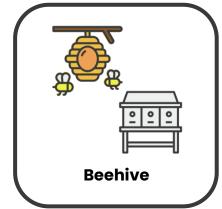
















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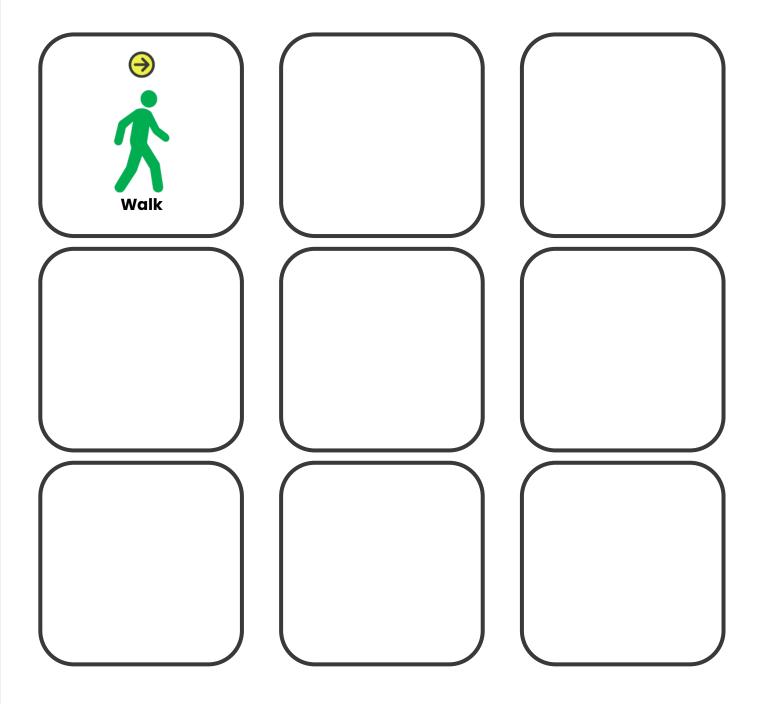
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# EXPLORATION I

STORYBOOK CONVERSATIONS WITH YOUR YOUNG CHILD

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#### **Nature Walker**

**Description:** Help your child **notice and identify living things.** Go on a walk together and encourage your child to be aware of any **animals** or places animals might **live**. Discuss why the **animal might live where they do**.

#### What My Child Is Learning!

Going on a nature walk will facilitate your child's creativity and provide them with an easy way to learn more about animals and their environments.

Discuss why the animal might live where they do. Examples of questions you might incorporate include:

- "You're right, there is a bunny in the bushes! Why might it live there instead of in water?"
- "I see a worm wiggling in the dirt. Why might it live there? Do you think it is cold or hot in the dirt?"
- "You pointed at the bird in the tree. Do you think looking for food is easier or harder from up there?"







# **EXPLORATION II**

STORYBOOK CONVERSATIONS WITH YOUR YOUNG CHILD

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#### **Directions Follower**

**Description:** Help your child to recognize where objects are in their environments by playing *directional* games. Encourage your child to follow the directions of the game. Use visual cues to help your child follow the directions.

#### What My Child Is Learning!

Children learn best by interacting with people and objects. Introduce STEM words, ask questions, and encourage them to **follow directions** in their daily activities. Help your child make a connection between words and real-life experiences, while developing creativity, problem-solving, as well as foundational spatial math skills.

Ask your child to do the opposite or bring you an opposite object of one you name. For example,

- "I have a big pillow. Bring me a small one."
- "I am going to crouch down low. Can you jump up high?"
- "I am going to hide under the blanket. Can you make sure I stay under by sitting on top"?

Games like "Simon Says" are a great opportunity to imitate, learn **directional words**, and **follow simple instructions**:

- "Stand on one foot."
- "Put your bear next to your body."
- "Hop **up** and **down**."







# **EXPLORATION III**

STORYBOOK CONVERSATIONS WITH YOUR YOUNG CHILD

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#### **Force Tester**

**Description:** Help your child **explore force and motion** with objects and actions your child can do to make them **move**.

#### What My Child Is Learning!

Children are naturally curious about their environment. Help children make a connection between **objects and actions**. Help your child make a connection between words and real-life experiences and develop fundamental critical thinking and problem-solving skills.

Find out why and how different objects can move through the air quickly and why others cannot!

Encourage your child to crumple one piece of paper into a ball and keep one flat. Ask "Which one will drop faster?"

Take the two pieces to the top of a stair and drop them. Record which one dropped faster. Ask "Why did the crumpled paper drop faster? What might make it float more slowly?"

Explore how different physical objects **move** (like the rake the fox stepped on) when **pressure is applied**.

- "What happens if you push down on the tip of a fork?"
- "Or if you share a seesaw (teeter-totter) with a friend?"
- "Or if you push a ball down a hill?"







## ADDITIONAL ACTIVITY IDEAS

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- Going for a walk and doing a nature scavenger hunt is a fantastic way to practice sequencing. Collect several items (leaves, flowers, rocks) and then re-tell the *order* you found them in. You can also play games with the items you collect with space and direction. For example, you can ask your child to put the leaf on the rock, or under the rock. Or see if the child can climb on top of a rock or tree trunk in nature.
- Dressing for the walk can also be another way of practicing sequencing. First, check the weather and decide what clothes are needed to be comfortable and protected. Next, put-on socks. Then put on shoes. Then put on a coat if it is cold or sunblock and a hat if it is hot and sunny. It might be interesting to do one of the steps out of order, like putting on shoes before socks. Problem solve with your child how to fix it!
- Check out our Daily Routine Explorations for Daily Steps
- Make a dance! Plan with your child a sequence of movements with specific spatial directions (e.g., place your hand on your head, go under the table, turn around and around, etc.) Combine the movements in a plan and then carry out the dance. You can switch it up or make a song to go with it too!

